# The Northern Tablelands Regional Strategic Weed Management Plan 2017 - 2022 <u>Weed Control Management Plan: Privet Sp.</u>





**Botanical Name:** *Ligustrum lucidum* **Common Names:** Broad leaf, Tree or Large Leaf Privet **Botanical Name:** *Ligustrum sinense* **Common Names:** Small Leaf Privet, Chinese Privet

Northern Tablelands Regional Priority Weeds Objective – <u>ASSET PROTECTION</u> (Whole of Region) This weed is widely distributed in some areas of the region. Their spread must be minimised to protect priority sites.

# **General Biosecurity Duty**

All plants are regulated with a **general biosecurity duty** to prevent, eliminate or minimise any biosecurity risk they may pose. Any person who deals with any plant, who knows (or ought to know) of any biosecurity risk, has a duty to ensure the risk is prevented, eliminated or minimised, so far as is reasonably practicable.

#### **Regional Recommended Measure:**

#### **Outcomes to demonstrate compliance with GBD**

- Land managers should prevent spread from their land, where feasible.
- Land managers should mitigate the risk of new weeds being introduced to their land.
- The plant should not be bought, sold, grown, carried or released into the environment.

#### **New England Weeds Authority Local Control Requirements**

Owners/Occupiers of land are required to prevent Privet from flowering and fruiting (ie Privet must be hedged and kept trimmed, especially when flowering).

Owners/Occupiers of infested land will be encouraged to totally remove Privet from their land.



Privets are considered to be serious environmental weeds throughout Australia. Infestations threaten biodiversity, including endangered plant and animal species and ecological communities. Dense stands of privet prevent other vegetation surviving or establishing. Broad-leaf privet invades ecosystems including subtropical and coastal rainforests, rainforest margins, warm-temperate and dry rainforest, wet and dry eucalypt forests, grassy woodlands, grasslands and riparian vegetation.

Privet seeds are commonly spread by fruit-eating birds. Birds such as pied currawongs, silver-eyes and rosellas can spread the seed widely into previously uninfested areas. Privet seedlings often germinate in clusters, as a result of birds regurgitating the seeds. Birds and rabbits assist germination by removal of the soft coating around the seed.

Privets are also spread through the sale of garden plants from nurseries and markets, the dumping of garden waste containing seeds and the sale of foliage in floral arrangements containing fruit and seeds. Seeds can also be spread in flowing water.

Small Leaf Privet Photo: NSW DPI

### Penalty for not complying with the general biosecurity duty or a direction issued under the Biosecurity Act 2015.

The maximum penalty is:

- in the case of an individual —\$220,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$55,000 for each day the offence continues, or
- in the case of a corporation—\$440,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$110,000 for each day the offence continues.

The maximum penalty for an offence that is committed negligently is:

- in the case of an individual—\$1,100,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$137,500 for each day the offence continues, or
- in the case of a corporation—\$2,200,000 and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$275,000 for each day the offence continues.

# **Linkage to Plans/Strategies**

- Northern Tablelands Regional Strategic Weed Management Plan 2017-2022
- NSW Biosecurity Strategy 2013-2021
- NSW Biosecurity Act 2015
- Pesticides Act 1999 and Pesticide Regulation 2017



Download the weedwise app for detailed information on the management and control of priority weeds in our area.



Broad Leaf Privet Photo: NSW DPI

#### References

NSW DPI Website /Weedwise/ Noxious and Environmental Weed Control Handbook

#### For Further Information:

New England Weeds Authority, 2/129 Rusden St Armidale NSW 2350 PH: (02) 6770 3602 www.newa.com.au or

NSW DPI Weedwise: http://weeds.dpi.nsw.gov.au/ and Northern Tablelands Local Land Services: https://northerntablelands.lls.nsw.gov.au/biosecurity

# **Disclaimer**:

This document has been prepared by the Northern Tablelands Regional Weed Committee and Local Government Control Authorities in good faith and on the basis of best available information. Users of this document must obtain their own specific advice and conduct their own investigations and assessments of their individual circumstances.